

Grade 2

Knowledge 1

Reading Language Arts

ACTIVITY BOOK

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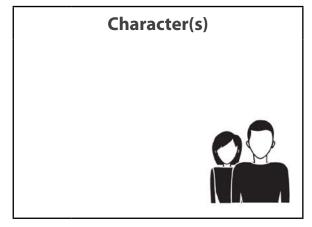
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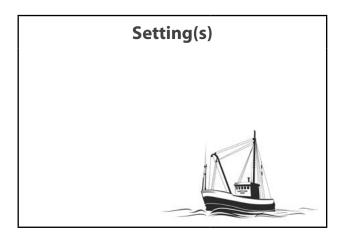
Knowledge 1

Fairy Tales and Tall Tales

NAME:	1.1	Activity Page
DATE:	-	

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	Beginning
	BA: J.J.
	Middle
	End
Plot	
В	

NAME:	 1.2	Take-Home
D.455		Take Home
DATE:		

Dear Family Member,

Today, your child heard the fairy tale "The Fisherman and His Wife," a story about a man who catches a magic fish that grants the fisherman's wife several wishes. In the coming days your child will hear two more fairy tales: "The Emperor's New Clothes" and "Beauty and the Beast." Below are some suggestions for activities that you may do at home to reinforce what your child is learning about fairy tales.

1. "The Fisherman and His Wife"

Have your child share what s/he remembers about the fairy tale "The Fisherman and His Wife." (A fisherman catches a fish in the sea; the fish tells the man he is actually an enchanted prince who has been turned into a fish; the fisherman throws the fish back; the fisherman's wife asks why he didn't first ask the fish for a wish and sends him back to ask for several wishes; finally, the wife asks for too many things and the fish leaves them with what they had at the beginning of the story.) As your child shares what s/he remembers, fill in any gaps in the plot, and ask your child if s/he thinks there is a lesson to be learned from this fairy tale.

2. Draw and Write

Have your child draw and write a scene from any of the fairy tales s/he has heard ("The Fisherman and His Wife," "The Emperor's New Clothes," and "Beauty and the Beast"). Then have him/her share his/her drawing and writing with you. Ask questions to keep your child using the vocabulary learned at school (see back of page).

3. "The Emperor's New Clothes"

Ask your child to retell the fairy tale "The Emperor's New Clothes." (An emperor finds great pleasure in dressing in different outfits; a strange weaver and tailor arrive and tell him they can make magical clothes, clothes only clever people can see; the emperor believes their story and hires them; everyone lies and says they can see the clothes in order to appear clever; a child finally states the truth.) Ask your child what they liked most about this fairy tale and if they think there is a lesson to be learned from this story.

4. Sayings and Phrases: "Better Late Than Never"

Your child will learn the saying "better late than never" in relation to the fairy tale "Beauty and the Beast." Ask your child how this saying relates to the fairy tale. (Beauty left

the palace of the beast and returned home to her father and sisters in order to say good-bye to them and the life she had known. The beast told her to come back in one month, but Beauty could not bring herself to say good-bye to her father. It wasn't until Beauty had a terrible dream about the beast that she returned to his palace. When Beauty found the beast, she was almost too late, but she arrived there just in time to revive him with her tears.) Talk with your child about other situations where one might use the saying "better late than never."

5. Words to Use

Below is a list of some of the words that your child will be using and learning about. Try to use these words as they come up in everyday speech with your child.

- enchanted—The fisherman caught an enchanted fish that was able to grant him wishes.
- admired—The emperor admired himself in the mirror as he tried on his new clothes.
- fearsome—Beauty was terrified when she first laid eyes on the fearsome beast.
- *curious*—The beast told Beauty of all the curious events in the palace and how he was changed from a prince to a beast.

6. Read Aloud Each Day

It is very important that you read with your child every day. There should be time to read to your child and also time to listen to your child read to you.

Be sure to let your child know how much you enjoy hearing about what s/he has learned at school.

NAME:			-
DATE:			

3.1

Activity Page

Which Happened First?

1	The merchant went to see the cargo ship, hoping to restore his fortune.
	The merchant lost his fortune, and his family became penniless.

- **2.** _____ The merchant was riding his horse in a snowstorm.
 - The merchant found a castle where he could wait out the storm.
- **3.** The merchant picked a rose for Beauty.
 - _____ The merchant found himself in a magical garden.

Assessment

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Knowledge 1

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Knowledge 1

NAME:	5.1	Activity Page

MAIVIE:			
DATE.			

	Paul Bunyan	Pecos	John Henry	Casey Jones
Amazing Childhood				
Creations/ Inventions				
Amazing				
Humor				
Exaggerations				

NAME:	5.2	Take-Home
DATE	.	Take-Hollie
DATE:		

Dear Family Member,

Today, your child heard the tall tale "Paul Bunyan," a story about a fictional logger on the American frontier. Over the next few days, your child will hear three more tall tales about other larger-than-life characters on the American frontier—Pecos Bill, John Henry, and Casey Jones. Each tall tale will expose your child to the use of exaggeration. Below are some suggestions for activities that you may do at home to reinforce what your child is learning about tall tales.

1. Telling a Tall Tale

Ask your child what elements make a tall tale. (larger-than-life characters; exaggerations; amazing childhoods; unbelievable adventures; inventions of things in nature; humor) Ask your child to retell a tall tale. Then create your own tall tale with your child, asking him/her what kinds of characters and settings you will need. Ask him/her to provide ideas for your larger-than-life character's adventures.

2. Exaggerations

Have your child share some of the exaggerations s/he has heard from the tall tales. (Paul Bunyan made the Mississippi River and dug the Grand Canyon; Casey Jones drove a train and was known for always being on time; Pecos Bill rode a mountain lion and squeezed the meanness out of a rattlesnake; John Henry was born with a hammer in his hand and could swing a ten-pound hammer all day without getting tired.) Share with your child any literary exaggerations you know of.

3. Draw and Write

Have your child draw and write about what s/he has learned about any of the tall tale characters—Paul Bunyan, Pecos Bill, John Henry, or Casey Jones—and then have him/her share his/her drawing and writing with you. Ask questions to keep your child using the vocabulary learned at school.

4. Song: The Ballad of John Henry

Find a recording of "The Ballad of John Henry" from the public library or on the Internet, and listen to it with your child. As you listen, have your child explain the tall tale of John Henry in his or her own words.

5. Words to Use

The following is a list of some of the words that your child will be using and learning about. Try to use these words as they come up in everyday speech with your child.

- *legendary*—Paul Bunyan was a legendary figure among real lumbermen on the frontier.
- feat—Tall tale characters always have adventures where they accomplish one amazing feat after another.
- admiration—Pecos Bill had a great deal of admiration for his horse, Lightning.
- tamed—Manuel tamed the wild horse so that he could ride it.

6. Read Aloud Each Day

It is very important that you read with your child every day. There should be time to read to your child and also time to listen to your child read to you.

Be sure to let your child know how much you enjoy hearing about what s/he has learned at school.

Activity Page

Knowledge 1

NAME:		

DATE:

Fact or Tall Tale?

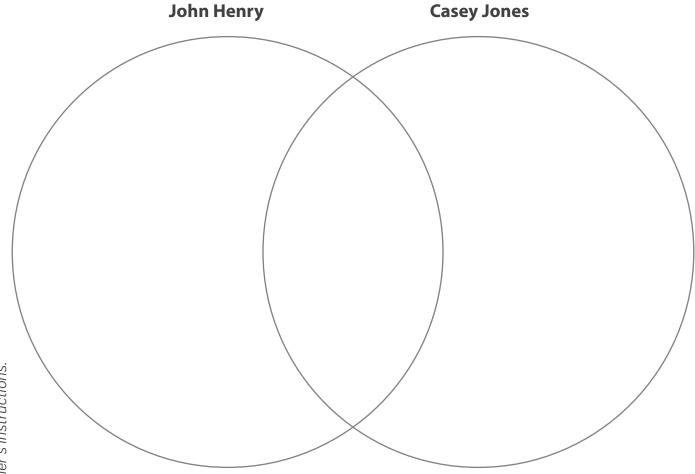
- 1. _____ The Pecos River is in Texas.
- 2. _____ The coyote took Bill home to her den.
- 3. Pecos Bill lassoed a cyclone.
- 4. Cyclones are real storms with very strong winds.
- 5. Cowboys take care of cattle.
- 6. _____ A rattlesnake can be used as a lasso.
- 7. A coyote looks like a small wolf.

Activity Page

NAME: ______
DATE: ____

Knowledge 1

Venn Diagram: "John Henry" and "Casey Jones"



NAME: ______
DATE: _____

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Assessment

Knowledge 1

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Assessment

DAT	E:
1.	Who was your favorite fairy tale character? Why?
2.	Identify two exaggerations from any of the tall tales you heard. Be sure to also identify the character in
	each exaggeration.
-	
3.	What was your favorite fairy tale or tall tale setting? Why?
-	

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Acknowledgments

These materials are the result of the work, advice, and encouragement of numerous individuals over many years. Some of those singled out here already know the depth of our gratitude; others may be surprised to find themselves thanked publicly for help they gave quietly and generously for the sake of the enterprise alone. To helpers named and unnamed we are deeply grateful.

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We would like to extend special recognition to Program Directors Matthew Davis and Souzanne Wright, who were instrumental in the early development of this program.

Schools

We are truly grateful to the teachers, students, and administrators of the following schools for their willingness to field-test these materials and for their invaluable advice: Capitol View Elementary, Challenge Foundation Academy (IN), Community Academy Public Charter School, Lake Lure Classical Academy, Lepanto Elementary School, New Holland Core Knowledge Academy, Paramount School of Excellence, Pioneer Challenge Foundation Academy, PS 26R (the Carteret School), PS 30X (Wilton School), PS 50X (Clara Barton School), PS 96Q, PS 102X (Joseph O. Loretan), PS 104Q (the Bays Water), PS 214K (Michael Friedsam), PS 223Q (Lyndon B. Johnson School), PS 308K (Clara Cardwell), PS 333Q (Goldie Maple Academy), Sequoyah Elementary School, South Shore Charter Public School, Spartanburg Charter School, Steed Elementary School, Thomas Jefferson Classical Academy, Three Oaks Elementary, West Manor Elementary.

And a special thanks to the Pilot Coordinators, Anita Henderson, Yasmin Lugo-Hernandez, and Susan Smith, whose suggestions and day-to-day support to teachers using these materials in their classrooms were critical.

Knowledge 1

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